New surge protective devices









New Surge Protective Devices (SPDs)

2	New Legrand SPDs , a complete range for all risk levels
4	Optimum protection and adaptability to suit local habits
6	Add-on SPDs, increased reliability and safety
8	Design and functionality, perfect integration in distribution boards

New SPDs, a complete range for all risk levels

For protection against transient overvoltages to be effective, the position of the SPD in the installation and the type of SPD must be appropriate for the level of risk. Conforming fully to international standards, Legrand's range of type 1 (T1) and 2 (T2) SPDs meet all the requirements of low voltage installations.



protection by means of a circuit breaker or fuse. They are designed to protect commercial and industrial installations. no wiring (see page 13). These SPDs are designed to protect commercial and industrial installations in their secondary distribution boards.







SPDs WITH INTEGRATED PROTECTION (T2)

Protection against overloads and shortcircuits is incorporated in the SPD. This is the most straightforward choice for small commercial or residential installations. It also provides the warranty of having the ideal match between the SPD and its associated protection, for maximum safety.

<u>STANDARDS EN 61643-11</u> <u>AND IEC 61643-11</u>

The entire range of Legrand SPDs conforms to standards EN and IEC 61643-11. The standards distinguish two types of SPD for distribution boards: T1 and T2.

T1 SPDs are designed to provide protection in the main distribution boards and T2 SPDs mostly provide protection in secondary distribution boards or consumer units. T1+T2 SPDs, which are increasingly used at the supply end of installations, comply with the specifications of both types.

CASCADED PROTECTION

The only way to discharge all the initial energy is to install SPDs at every level of the installation.



Optimum protection and adaptability to suit local habits

The new Legrand 1P+N and 3P+N SPDs ensure optimum protection for electronic equipment, while providing a universal solution suited to the installation practices of all markets. Available with all levels of discharge current.







OPTIMUM PROTECTION

The 1P+N and 3P+N SPDs with dedicated protection of the neutral pole discharge the common and differential mode overvoltages that may occur in installations with TT and TNS systems, when there is a lightning strike.



1 Dedicated protection of the neutral

<u>SPDS...</u> <u>NOT JUST PROTECTION AGAINST</u> THE EFFECTS OF LIGHTNING

The operation of distribution networks, installations and equipment can cause very harmful transient overvoltages. As well as providing protection against the effects of lightning, installing SPDs also protects sensitive equipment against this type of disturbance.

ADAPTABILITY

To adapt to the installation practices of different countries, the 1P+N and 3P+N SPDs are available with the neutral on the right or on the left side.



Neutral on the right

ight Neutral on the left



Typical switching overvoltage

Add-on SPDs, increased reliability and safety



Exclusive to Legrand, the add-on SPDs make installation and maintenance simpler and safer and enable the associated circuit breaker to be chosen according to the back-up or discrimination requirements of the installation.



80

40kA

40kA

legrand

12-5

SAVE INSTALLATION TIME

The add-on SPD and its protective circuit breaker are joined together without any wiring, guaranteeing speed of installation and safety.

SIMPLER MAINTENANCE AND INCREASED SAFETY

• The circuit breaker + add-on SPD assembly is joined together by a locking system.

• A single auxiliary to ascertain the status of the SPD (operational or plug-in modules out of service) and its associated circuit breaker.

• It is not possible to reset the circuit breaker if a plug-in module is missing or out of service.

• If a plug-in module is out of service, the circuit breaker remains ON and the SPD can still protect the other poles.

MORE FLEXIBILITY DUE TO THE CHOICE OF CIRCUIT BREAKERS

The add-on SPD can be used with all DX³ 1 module per pole circuit breakers, thus enabling users to choose the characteristics of the protective device, which is not possible with SPDs with integrated protection.

INCREASED RELIABILITY AND MORE EFFECTIVE PROTECTION

With no intermediate wiring between the SPD and the circuit breaker, it is easier to create the shortest possible connection between the supply terminal block and the main terminal block for protective conductors, which provides more effective protection of the equipment





Main terminal block for protective conductors (PE)



1 The add-on SPD is joined to the circuit breaker simply by driving in these two locking devices.

Design and functionality, perfect integration in distribution boards



Clear, easily identifiable marking for easier maintenance, design in line with other Legrand modular equipment, well thought features: the new SPDs integrate perfectly in the modular rows of Legrand distribution boards.

Easier to handle: the plug-in modules are easy to replace thanks to the extraction handles.



STATUS INDICATOR AND REMOTE MONITORING OF INFORMATION

A plug-in module status indicator indicates whether the SPD is operational (green) or out of service (orange). The fault signal contact integrated in all add-on SPDs and available for all protection levels of conventional SPDs provides remote monitoring of this information. The fault signal contact on the add-on SPDs also indicates the status of the circuit breaker (ON/OFF).



Fault signal contact
 Status indicator

DESIGN AND MARKING

New design in line with the DX³ range of circuit breakers, but with dedicated marking for easy identification of the product once installed in the distribution board.





3 Dedicated marking for easier identification and maintenance of the SPDs.

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Selecting Surge Protective Devices (SPDs) and their associated protection



L¹legrand

Risk levels	5:	conductor), installations to imp High risk: installations o body of water, trees or n	hat are utside ear inst	isolated, or on of urban areas allations equip	a high mount in mountain ped with ligh	tain, or have ous areas, i itning condu	etal structure (acting as a lightning a history of lightning strikes, etc. solated, at the end of a line, near a uctors, etc. s, or low and medium height
Comn buildi	nercial ngs	In ≤ 400 A	Large commercial/ Industrial buildings (IT earthing system: see below)				
lsc	SPD type	SPD (N left/right) + recommended overcurrent protection ⁽²⁾	ls	sc SP	D type	+ recom	SPD (N left/right) mended overcurrent protection ⁽²⁾
	T1 / 25 kA	- 4 122 82 + 4 200 44 4 122 83 + 4 200 54		T1/	25 kA		- 4 122 82 + 4 201 24 4 122 83 + 4 201 34
≤ 25 kA	T1+T2 / 12.5 kA	- 4 122 72 + 4 097 87 4 122 75/77 + 4 098 00	≤ 50 kA	the file	25 kA		- 4 122 82 + 4 201 24 4 122 83 + 4 201 34
	T1+T2 / 12.5 kA	- 4 122 72 + 4 097 87 4 122 75/77 + 4 098 00			20 KA		- 4 122 72 + 4 101 67 4 122 75/77 + 4 101 80
≤ 10 kA	Т2 / 12 кА	0 039 71 (integrated protection) - 0 039 73 (integrated protection)			-		-
≤ 16 kA	T2/20 KA	4 122 60/62 + 4 092 03 4 122 42 ⁽³⁾ + 4 092 55 4 122 61/63 + 4 093 37	≤ 25	5 kA	/40 KA		4 122 64/66 + 4 097 70 4 122 42 ⁽³⁾ + 4 097 83 4 122 65/67 + 4 097 96
	Mosaic	0 775 40		Mosaic			0 775 40
When low voltage SPDs are present, protection of all lines entering the building is recommended IT earthing system (all risks)							
4 433 30/34/	T2 / 20 kA			SPD type	Network	lcc	SPD + protective device ⁽²⁾
1P+N D) 2P 4 078 01 4 092 03	3P 3P+N X ³ 20 A C curve 3P 4 078 60 4 079 29 4 092 55 4 093 37		MB	T1 50 kA/440 V T2	3P 3P+N 1P+N	50 kA	0 030 00 (x 3) + 4 201 24 0 030 00 (x 4) + 4 201 34 4 122 30 (x 2) + 4 097 70
4 097 69	4 097 82 4 097 95		DB	40 kA/440 V	3P 3P+N	25 kA	4 122 32 + 4 097 83 4 122 33 + 4 097 96

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Class I (T1) low voltage SPDs



Technical characteristics p. 15-17

Protection against transient overvoltagess for 230/400 V $_{\infty}$ power networks (50/60 Hz). SPDs compliant with EN/IEC 61643-11 standards Recommended for main distribution boards Class I+II (T1+T2) : SPDs tested and specified according to both T1 and T2 test classes

Pack	Cat.Nos	SPDs for distributi	general on board	protectio	on of mair	ı	Pack	Cat.Nos	SPDs for (continue		k level in	stallation	S
		SPDs with p - Green: SF - Orange: p Earthing sy T1+T2 - lim For genera protection of	SPDs with plug-in modules and status indicators: - Green: SPD operational - Orange: plug-in modules to be replaced Earthing systems: TT, TNC, TNS T1+T2 - limp 12,5 kA/pole For general protection of big installations and protection of small installations with external						T1 - limp : SPDs with - Green: S - Red: plug Up: 2.5 kV Earthing s	35 kA/pole plug-in me PD operat g-in modul ' - Uc: 440 ystems: TT	odules and ional es to be re	S, IT	
		lightning pr Up: 1.5 kV Recommen	- Imax: 6Ò	kA/pole -	- C curve	C			Number of poles	Neutral position	ltotal (10/350)	status monitoring (FS contact)	Number of modules
		Number of poles	Neutral position	ltotal (10/350)	Remote status monitoring (FS contact)	Number of modules	1	4 122 80	1P T1 - limp 2	- 25 kA/pole	35 kA	Yes	2
1 1 1 1 1	4 122 70 4 122 74 ¹ 4 122 76 ¹ 4 122 71 4 122 72 4 122 75 ¹	1P 1P+N 1P+N 2P 3P 3P+N	Left Right - Left	12.5 kA 25 kA 25 kA 25 kA 37.5 kA 50 kA	No Yes Yes No Yes Yes	1 2 2 3 4			- Green: S - Red: plug Up: 1.5 kV Earthing s Recomme	PD operat g-in modul - Uc: 350 ystems: T1 nded MCC	ional es to be re V , TNC, TNS CB: DPX ³ 16	S. 60 - 80 A	I
1 1	4 122 77 ¹ 4 122 73	3P+N 4P	Right -	50 kA 50 kA	Yes No	4 4	1 1 1	4 122 81 ¹ 4 122 82 4 122 83 ¹	3P	Right - Right	50 kA 75 kA 100 kA	Yes Yes Yes	4 6 8
			+T2 - limp 8 kA/pole Ds for small installations without external lightning tection (LPS) : 1.3 kV - Imax: 50 kA/pole - Uc: 320 V√ commended MCB: DX ³ 40 A - C curve				4 122 00	01.11	rugin	100107	105	0	
		protection (Up: 1.3 kV	LPS) - Imax: 50	kA/pole -	Uc: 320 V^		1	4 123 02	For SPDs	T1+T2 - 8 k	g-in mod (A /52/53/54/		
1 1 1	4 122 50 4 122 54 ¹ 4 122 56 ¹ 4 122 51	protection (Up: 1.3 kV	LPS) - Imax: 50	kA/pole - : DX ³ 40 A 8 kA 16 kA 16 kA 16 kA	Uc: 320 V^	1 2 2 2	1 1 1	4 123 03	For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cat.Nos 4	T1+T2 - 8 k 122 50/51 T1+T2 - 12 122 70/71 T1 - 25 kA 122 81/82	(A /52/53/54/ .5 kA /72/73/74/7	55/56/57	
1 1	4 122 54 ¹ 4 122 56 ¹	protection (Up: 1.3 kV Recomment 1P 1P+N 1P+N 1P+N	LPS) - Imax: 50 Ided MCB - Left	kA/pole - : DX ³ 40 A 8 kA 16 kA 16 kA	Uc: 320 V^ - C curve No No No	1 2	1	4 123 03 4 122 84 4 122 85	For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 0 030 20/2 N-PE mod	T1+T2 - 8 k 122 50/51 T1+T2 - 12 122 70/71 T1 - 25 kA 122 81/82 22/23/27 ule for SPE 122 81/83	A /52/53/54/ .5 kA /72/73/74/7 /83 and 0s T1 - 25 k and 0 030	55/56/57 75/76/77 (A 23	
1 1 1 1 1	4 122 54 ¹ 4 122 56 ¹ 4 122 51 4 122 52 4 122 55 ¹ 4 122 57 ¹	protection (Up: 1.3 kV Recommen 1P 1P+N 1P+N 2P 3P 3P 3P+N 3P+N	LPS) - Imax: 50 ided MCB - Left Right - Left Right -	kA/pole - : DX ³ 40 A 8 kA 16 kA 16 kA 16 kA 25 kA 25 kA 25 kA 32 kA	Uc: 320 V^ - C curve No No No No No No No	1 2 2 3 4 4 4	1 1 1	4 123 03 4 122 84 4 122 85	For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 0 030 20/2 N-PE mod Cat.Nos 4	T1+T2 - 8 k 122 50/51 T1+T2 - 12 122 70/71 T1 - 25 kA 122 81/82 22/23/27 ule for SPE 122 81/83 T1 - 35 kA	A /52/53/54/ .5 kA /72/73/74/7 /83 and Ds T1 - 25 k and 0 030 . Cat.No 4 ⁻	55/56/57 75/76/77 (A 23	
1 1 1 1 1	4 122 54 ¹ 4 122 56 ¹ 4 122 51 4 122 52 4 122 55 ¹ 4 122 57 ¹	protection (Up: 1.3 kV Recomment 1P 1P+N 1P+N 2P 3P 3P+N 3P+N 4P SPDs for SPDs for biprotection (according for T1 - limp 5	LPS) - Imax: 50 ided MCB - Left Right - Left Right - bigh risl g installat (LPS) and to EN/IEC 0 kA/pole	kA/pole - : DX ³ 40 A 8 kA 16 kA 16 kA 25 kA 25 kA 25 kA 32 kA k level ins 62305 sta - 440V	Uc: 320 V^ - C curve No No No No No No Stallation sk level inst ndards.	1 2 2 3 4 4 4 5 thing allations	1 1 1	4 123 03 4 122 84 4 122 85 4 122 86	For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 0 030 20/2 N-PE mod Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cabling Ready to L (including Cross sec Lenght : 4 For cabling	T1+T2 - 8 k 122 50/51 T1+T2 - 12 122 70/71 T1 - 25 kA 122 81/82 22/23/27 ule for SPE 122 81/83 T1 - 35 kA accessor use cabling the earth of tion :16mm ocm g SPDs in i	A /52/53/54/ .5 kA /72/73/74/7 /83 and Ds T1 - 25 k and 0 030 . Cat.No 4 ~ ies g kit consis conductor) 2 industrial e	55/56/57 75/76/77 23 122 80 ting of 5 co nclosures	nductors
1 1 1 1 1	4 122 54 ¹ 4 122 56 ¹ 4 122 51 4 122 52 4 122 55 ¹ 4 122 57 ¹	protection (Up: 1.3 kV Recomment 1P+N 1P+N 2P 3P 3P+N 3P+N 4P SPDs for SPDs for bi protection (according for	LPS) - Imax: 50 ided MCB - Left Right - Left Right g installat (LPS) and to EN/IEC 0 kA/pole - Uc: 440 rstems: TT	kA/pole - : DX ³ 40 A 8 kA 16 kA 16 kA 25 kA 25 kA 25 kA 25 kA 32 kA k level ins 62305 sta - 440V~ V~ ; TNC, TNS B: DPX ³ 16	Uc: 320 V^ - C curve No No No No No Stallation stallation sternal ligh sk level inst ndards. (IT) - Monc S, IT	1 2 2 3 4 4 4 5 thing allations	1 1 1 1	4 123 03 4 122 84 4 122 85 4 122 86	For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cat.Nos 4 O 030 20/2 N-PE mod Cat.Nos 4 For SPDs Cabling a Ready to L (including Cross sec Lenght : 4 For cabling (for EN/IE)	T1+T2 - 8 k 122 50/51 T1+T2 - 12 122 70/71 T1 - 25 kA 122 81/82 22/23/27 ule for SPL 122 81/83 T1 - 35 kA accessor the earth of the earth of C 61439 co 3P+N: L-N and odds), the N p So called so	A /52/53/54/ .5 kA /72/73/74/7 /83 and Ds T1 - 25 k and 0 030 . Cat.No 4 ^ ies g kit consis conductor) ? industrial e pompliance) d N-PE protec	55/56/57 75/76/77 (A 23 122 80 ting of 5 co nclosures tion modes (cc tected by encas 10 3+1	ommon and

Class II (T2) low voltage SPDs



D Technical characteristics p. 15-17

Protection against transient overvoltagess for 230/400 V \sim power networks (50/60 Hz). SPDs compliant with EN/IEC 61643-11 standards Recommended for distribution boards

Pack	Cat.Nos	T2 add-on	SPDs			Pack	Cat.Nos	T2 SPDs			
		- Green: SPE - Orange: plu SPDs provid and mainten for increased Installation. To be equipp	lug-in module D operational ug-in modules ing increasec ance cycles. d reliability an ped with DX ³ I tems: TT, TNS	s to be replace I safety during Prewired MCE d for quick an MCBs (1 mode	ed g their lifetime 3 connexions id easy			- Green: SPE - Orange: plu T2 - Imax 40 SPDs recom Up: 1.7 kV - Earthing sys	D operational ug-in modules) kA/pole mended for p In: 20 kA/pole tems : TT, TN	⁹ 25 A - C curv	ed ons
		T2 - Imax 40 SPDs recom Up: 1.7 kV - Recommend) kA/pole mended for p In: 20 kA/pole led MCB: DX ³	ower installati e - Uc: 320 Vn	/e	1 1 1	4 122 40 4 122 44 ¹ 4 122 46 ¹	Number of poles 1P 1P+N 1P+N	Neutral position - Left Right	Remote status monitoring (FS contact) No No No	Number of modules 1 2 2
		Number of poles	Neutral position	(FS contact)	Number of modules	1	4 122 41 4 122 42	2P 3P	-	No Yes	2
1 1 1 1	4 122 64 ¹ 4 122 66 ¹ 4 122 65 ¹ 4 122 67 ¹	1P+N 1P+N 3P+N 3P+N	Left Right Left Right	Yes Yes Yes Yes	4 4 8 8	1 1 1	4 122 42 4 122 45 ¹ 4 122 47 ¹ 4 122 43	3P+N 3P+N 4P	Left Right	No No No	3 4 4 4
I	- 122 01	T2 - Imax 20	0	163	0) kA/pole - 44	· · ·	
		Up: 1.2 kV -	mended for s In: 5 kA/pole led MCB: DX ³	- Uc: 320 V				Up: 2.1 kV - Earthing sys	ln: 20 kA/pole tems : TT, TN	ig installations e - Uc: 440 V∿ C, TNS, IT ³ 25 A - C curv	,
1 1 1 1	4 122 60 ¹ 4 122 62 ¹ 4 122 61 ¹ 4 122 63 ¹	1P+N 1P+N 3P+N 3P+N	Left Right Left Bight	Yes Yes Yes	4 4 8 8	1 1 1	4 122 30 4 122 32 4 122 33	1P 3P 4P	- - -	No Yes Yes	1 3 4
I	4 122 03	3F±IN	Right	Yes	0			T2 - Imax 20	•		
								Up: 1.2 kV - Earthing sys	In: 5 kA/pole tems : TT, TN	mall installatio - Uc: 320 V√ C, TNS ' 20 A - C curv	
						1 1 1 1 1 1	4 122 20 4 122 24 ¹ 4 122 26 ¹ 4 122 25 ¹ 4 122 25 ¹ 4 122 27 ¹ 4 122 23	1P 1P+N 2P 3P+N 3P+N 4P	Left Right Left Right	No No No No No No	1 2 2 4 4 4
								Replaceme	ent plug-in	modules	
						1	4 122 99	For SPDs T2 Cat.Nos 4 12 46/47/64/65	22 40/41/42/4	3/44/45/	
						1	4 123 00		e for SPDs T2 22 44/45/46/4		
						1	4 123 01	For SPDs T2 Cat.Nos 4 12	- 440 V		
						1		For SPDs T2 Cat.Nos 4 12	- 20 kA 22 20/21/23/2	4/25/26/27/60)/61/62/63
						1	4 123 98	N-PE module	e for SPDs T2	- 20 kA	

123 98 N-PE module for SPDs T2 - 20 kA Cat.Nos 4 122 24/25/26/27

1: 1P+N and 3P+N: L-N and N-PE protection modes (common and differential modes), the N pole being protected by encapsulated spark gaps. Also called sometimes 1+1 and 3+1

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Class II (T2) low voltage SPDs with integrated protection

SPDs for telephone lines

0 039 51	hnical ch	0 039 53	. 15-17	0 039 54		0 038 28	chnical cha	0 038 29	p. 15-17			
overload o	currents a	d protection a nd short-circu h EN/IEC 6164	it currents	de		Pack	Cat.Nos		telephone a			
	00 V∿ po	wer networks	(50/60 Hz)					telephones, RS485 netw	, modems, vid vorks, measur	eo door entry ement loops,	phones,	,
Pack	Cat.Nos	Protection For residentia With plug-in r - Green: SPD - Red: plug-ir	al and small o nodules and operational	commercial in status indica	tors:			SPDs needs installation (TS/IEC 616 SPDs with s	ible with VDS ed to provide when low volta 343-12). status indicato D operational	complete pro age SPDs are rs:	tection of present	f the
		T2 self prote						- Orange: p	lug-in module vith EN/IEC 6	need to be re		
		For installatio underground In: 10 kA/pole Earthing syst Cat. No. 0 03 incoming anc the SPDs) pro overvoltages	power suppl e - Uc: 275 V ems: TT, TNS 9 51: SPDs w l outgoing ter oviding bette	ies, etc.) rith Y connect rminals ar the r protection a	ion (both top of gainst	1	0 038 28	"Analogue" etc.) In/Imax 5/10 kA	Max. voltage(Uc) 170 V PD (unbundle	Level of protection (Up) 260 V	No. of mo	odules
	0 039 51 ¹ 0 039 53 ¹	Number of poles 1P+N 3P+N	Neutral position Left Left	Integrated protection Isc $\leq 6 \text{ kA}$ Isc $\leq 6 \text{ kA}$	Number of modules 2 6	1	0 038 29		48 V	100 V	1	
		Protection boards Protection of With plug-in r - Green: SPD - Red: plug-ir In: 10 kA/pole Earthing syst Cat. No. 0 03 terminals ar tl protection ag T2 self prote	sensitive equ nodules and operational n module nee e - Uc: 275 V ems: TT, TNS 9 71: both ind he top of the ainst overvol	ipment. status indica d to be repla	tors: ced utgoing ing better							
	0 039 71 ¹ 0 039 73 ¹	Number of poles 1P+N 3P+N	Neutral position Left Left	Integrated protection Isc ≤ 10 kA Isc ≤ 10 kA	Number of modules 2							
1 1 1 1	0 039 74 0 039 28 0 039 34 0 039 39	Replaceme For self prot Cat.Nos 0 03 Cat.Nos 0 03 For old SPDs Cat.Nos 0 03 Cat.Nos 0 03 Cat.Nos 0 03 Cat.Nos 0 03	ected SPDs 9 51/53 9 71/73 s 9 20/21/22/2 9 30/31/32/3 9 35/36/38	3								

1: 1P+N and 3P+N: L-N and N-PE protection modes (common and differential modes), the N pole being protected by encapsulated spark gaps. Also sometimes called 1+1 and 3+1.

Protection against lightning and overvoltages

Protection against the effects of lightning is essentially based on: Protecting buildings using a lightning protection system (LPS or lightning conductors) to catch lightning strikes and to drive the lightning current to earth.
The use of surge protective devices (SPDs) to protect equipment.

• The design of the earthing system (passive protection of the installation)

Throughout the world, there are millions of lightning strikes each day in the summer (up to 1000 lightning strikes/second). Lightning is responsible for 25% to 40% of all damage to equipment. When added to industrial overvoltages (switching overvoltages due to the operation of internal equipment), they account for more than 60% of all electrical damages, which can be prevented by installing SPDs (according to the country and type of installation - source: insurance companies). In some countries, and depending on the end use of the building, national regulations may always stipulate the installation of SPDs (for example, Germany, Austria, Norway, etc.). If there are no specific national regulations, SPDs are usually specified by national installation standards (based on HD/IEC 60364 international installation standards) and EN/IEC 62305 standards.

External lightning protection system (LPS) or lightning conductors: protection of buildings (EN/IEC 62305)

An external lightning protection system (LPS) protects buildings against direct lightning strikes. It is generally based on the use of lightning conductors (single rod, with sparkover device, meshed cage, etc.) and/or the metallic structure of the building.

If there is an LPS or if a lightning risk assessment has been carried out in accordance with EN/IEC 62305 standards, SPDs are generally required in the main distribution board (T1 SPDs) and distribution boards (T2 SPDs)

Determination of the SPDs in the main distribution board in accordance with EN/IEC 62305 and TS/IEC 61643-12 (if there is insufficient information available):

LPL ¹ : Lightning protection level	Total lightning current of the LPS	Min. value of Imp current of the SPD (T1)	Usage practices	
T	200 kA	25 kA/pole (IT: 35kA min.)	Power installations	
II 150 kA		18.5 kA/pole	Rarely used	
III/IV	100 kA	12.5 kA/pole	Small installations	

1: LPL (Lightning Protection Level)

Surge protective device (SPD) (internal protection) The SPD

· Protects sensitive devices against overvoltages caused by lightning and industrial overvoltages, by limiting the overvoltages to values that are tolerated by the equipment

 Limits the possible harmful consequences in terms of the safety of people (medical equipment installed in the home, security systems, environmental systems, etc.)

· Maximises the continuity of operation of equipment and limits production losses

SPDs and standards

Standards EN/IEC 61643-11

Туре	of SPD	Test waves				
EN 61643-11	IEC 61643-11					
Type 1 (T1) Class I (T1)		limp: 10/350 µs (discharge current) In: 8/20 µs (nominal current, 15 shocks)				
		Imax: 8/20 μs (discharge current) In: 8/20 μs (nominal current, 15 shocks)				

T1+T2 SPDs: tested in accordance with both methods. T1 or T1+T2 SPDs are being increasingly used at the supply origin of installations, even when there is no lightning conductor, as they enable higher energies to be discharged and increase the service life the SPD.

HD/IEC 60364 electrical installation standards

According to articles 443 and 534 of HD/IEC 60364 standards and the TS/IEC 61643-12 guides, the use of SPDs in new or renovated buildings is compulsory at the supply origin of the installation in the following account following cases:

Buildings with lightning conductors (T1 SPDs, limp \geq 12.5 kA) Buildings with rotally or partially overhead power supplies in AQ2 geographical areas (article 443.3.2.1 - AQ2: Nk > 25, see map below) and based on a risk assessment taking into account the type of power supply to the building (article 443.3.2.2) According to article 443.3.2.2, SPDs (Type 2) are also required in the

Commercial/industrial buildings, public buildings and services, religious buildings, schools and large residential complexes, etc.
Hospitals and buildings containing medical equipment and/or security systems for people and property (fire alarm, technical alarms, etc.)

Important: it is advisable to install an SPD when the safety of people may depend on the continuity of service of equipment (even if this is not required by national standards). Although not compulsory according to the installation standards, an SPD should always be installed to protect the communication equipment when there is an SPD on the low voltage power network.

These rules should change in 2015. Please consult Legrand.



Protection of distribution boards and sensitive equipment (cascaded protection)



Effective protection against overvoltages cannot generally be assured with a single SPD if its protection level (Up) is greater than 1.2 kV (EN/IEC 62305 and TS/IEC 61643-12). When there are overvoltages, an SPD protects againment by limiting these average to equipment by limiting these overvoltages to values that can be tolerated by the equipment. Thus, depending on its discharge capacity (discharge current In, Imax, etc.) and its protection level (Up), an SPD will limit these overvoltages to varying values depending on the energy levels involved. The overvoltage values that may be transmitted downstream of the SPD may double over distances of more than 10 m due to resonances associated with the type of electrical installation and the type of equipment. Overvoltages greater than 2.5 kV may then occur and damage equipment if the residual energy is high enough (2.5 kV being the insulation level of most electrical and electronic equipment, or typically 1.5 kV for electrical domestic appliances).

SPDs should be installed in the distribution boards supplying equipment that is sensitive or critical for the activity being carried out (and/or near to equipment with proximity SPDs).

Surge Protective Devices (SPDs) technical characteristics

Modular SPDs

230/400 V_{\sigma} power network (50/60 Hz) - Degree of protection IP 20 Operating temperature: -10 to +40°C/Storage temperature: -20 to +70°C 1P+N (3P+N) SPDs: L-N and N-PE protection, also called 1+1 (3+1 resp.) or CT2 type protection depending on installation standards.

						Nominal	Max	. discharge c	urrent	Protection level		Max.	Destaution	FS								
Cat.Nos	Туре	Poles	Earthing system	Max. voltage (Uc)	Protection mode	current In/pole (8/20)	lmax/ pole (8/20)	limp/pole (10/350)	l total (10/350)	Up (L-N/L-PE/N-PE)	Up at 5 kA	short-circuit current lsc (lsccr)	Protective device to be used ¹	auxiliary (remote status monitoring)								
0 030 00 4 122 80	T1/50 kA T1/35 kA	1P	TT, TNC, TNS, IT	440 V∿	CT1	50 kA 35 kA		50 kA 35 kA	50 kA 35 kA	2.5 kV				no yes								
4 122 81	T1/25 kA	1P+N	TT, TNS	$350 V \sim$	CT2	25/50 kA		25/50 kA	50 kA	1.5/2.5/1.5 kV		50 kA	DPX3160	yes								
4 122 82	T1/25 kA	3P	TNC	$350 V \sim$	CT1	25 kA		25 kA	75 kA	1.5 kV		00101	80 A	yes								
4 122 83	T1/25 kA	3P+N	TT, TNS	$350 V \sim$	CT2	25/100 kA		25/100 kA	100 kA	1.5/2.5/1.5 kV				yes								
4 122 70	T1+T2/12.5 kA	1P	TT, TNC, TNS	320 V∿	CT1	25 kA	60 kA	12.5 kA	12.5 kA					no								
4 122 71	T1+T2/12.5 kA	2P	TT, TNS	320 V∿	CT1	25 kA	60 kA	12.5 kA	25 kA	1.5 kV at 12.5 kA	1 kV			no								
4 122 72	T1+T2/12.5 kA	3P	TNC	$320 V \sim$	CT1	25 kA	60 kA	12.5 kA	37.5 kA	1.9 kV at 25 kA	IKV	50 kA	DX ³ 63 A	yes								
4 122 73	T1+T2/12.5 kA	4P	TT, TNS	$320 V \sim$	CT1	25 kA	60 kA	12.5 kA	50 kA			50 KA	C curve	no								
4 122 74/76	T1+T2/12.5 kA	1P+N	TT, TNS	$320 V \sim$	CT2	25/25 kA	60 kA	12.5/25 kA	25 kA	1.5/1.6/1.5 kV at 12.5 kA	1 kV			yes								
4 122 75/77	T1+T2/12.5 kA	3P+N	TT, TNS	$320 V \sim$	CT2	25/50 kA	60 kA	12.5/50 kA	50 kA	1.9/2.1/1.5 kV at 25 kA	IKV			yes								
4 122 50	T1+T2/8 kA	1P	TT, TNC, TNS	$320 V \sim$	CT1	20 kA	50 kA	8 kA	8 kA					no								
4 122 51	T1+T2/8 kA	2P	TT, TNS	$320 V \sim$	CT1	20 kA	50 kA	8 kA	16 kA	1.2 kV at 8 kA 1.7 kV at 20 kA	1.2 kV at 8 kA	1.2 kV at 8 kA	1.2 kV at 8 kA	1.2 kV at 8 kA	1.2 kV at 8 kA	1.2 kV at 8 kA	1.2 kV at 8 kA	1.2 kV at 8 kA	1 kV			no
4 122 52	T1+T2/8 kA	3P	TNC	320 V \sim	CT1	20 kA	50 kA	8 kA	25 kA		INV	50 kA	DX ³ 40 A	no								
4 122 53	T1+T2/8 kA	4P	TT, TNS	320 V \sim	CT1	20 kA	50 kA	8 kA	32 kA				C curve	no								
4 122 54/56	T1+T2/8 kA	1P+N	TT, TNS	$320 V \sim$	CT2	20 kA	50 kA	8 kA	16 kA	1.2/1.5/1.5 kV at 8 kA	1 kV			no								
4 122 55/57	T1+T2/8 kA	3P+N	TT, TNS	$320 V \sim$	CT2	20 kA	50 kA	8 kA	25 kA	1.7/2/1.5 kV at 20 kA	1100			no								
4 122 40	T2/40 kA	1P	TT, TNC, TNS	$320 V \sim$	CT1	20 kA	40 kA			_		50 kA		no								
4 122 41	T2/40 kA	2P	TT, TNS	320 V \sim	CT1	20 kA	40 kA			1.5 kV at 15 kA		1 kV	50 kA		no							
4 122 42	T2/40 kA	3P	TNC	320 V \sim	CT1	20 kA	40 kA			1.7 kV at 20 kA	50	50 kA	DV3.05 A	yes								
4 122 43	T2/40 kA	4P	TT, TNS	$320 V \sim$	CT1	20 kA	40 kA					50 kA	DX ³ 25 A C curve	no								
4 122 44/46 4 122 64/66	T2/40 kA	1P+N	TT, TNS	320 V∿	CT2	20 kA	40 kA			1.5/1.6/1.4 kV at 15 kA		50 kA 25 kA		no yes								
4 122 45/47 4 122 65/67	T2/40 kA	3P+N	TT, TNS	320 V∿	CT2	20 kA	40 kA			1.7/2/1.4 kV at 20 kA	1 kV	50 kA 25 kA		no yes								
4 122 30	T2/40 kA	1P	TT, TNC, TNS, IT	440 V∿	CT1	20 kA	40 kA						DV2 OF A	no								
4 122 32	T2/40 kA	3P	TNC, IT	$440 \text{V} \sim$	CT1	20 kA	40 kA			1.8 kV at 15 kA 2.1 kV at 20 kA	1.3 kV	50 kA	DX ³ 25 A C curve	yes								
4 122 33	T2/40 kA	4P	TT, TNS, IT	$440 \text{V} \sim$	CT1	20 kA	40 kA							yes								
4 122 20	T2/20 kA	1P	TT, TNS	$320 V \sim$	CT1	10 kA	20 kA							no								
4 122 21	T2/20 kA	2P	TT, TNS	320 V∿	CT1	10 kA	20 kA			1.2 kV at 5 kA 1.4 kV at 10 kA	1.2 kV			no								
4 122 23	T2/20 kA	4P	TT, TNS	320 V∿	CT1	10 kA	20 kA					25 44	DX ³ 20 A	no								
4 122 24/26 4 122 60/62	T2/20 kA	1P+N	TT, TNS	320 V√	CT2	10/20 kA	20 kA			1.2/1.4/1.4 kV at 5 kA	1.0151	25 kA	C curve	no yes								
4 122 25/27 4 122 61/63	T2/20 kA	3P+N	TT, TNS	320 V∿	CT2	10/20 kA	20 kA			1.4/1.4/1.4 kV at 10 kA	1.2 kV	/		no yes								
0 039 51 0 039 71	T2+T3/12 kA	1P+N	TT, TNS	$275 V \sim$	CT2	10/10 kA	12 kA					6 kA 10 kA	integrated									
0 039 53 0 039 73	T2+T3/12 kA	3P+N	TT, TNS	$275 V \sim$	CT2	10/20 kA	20 kA			1.1/1.2/1.2 kV at 10 kA	1 kV	6 kA 10 kA	protection	no								

CT1: L(N)-PE protection modes. CT2: L-N and N-PE protection modes. 1: DPX³ (with T1 SPDs), DX³ or similar type circuit breakers (with T2 and T1+T2 SPDs). For fuse protection or values other than those indicated in the table: please consult Legrand.

Characteristics of proximity SPDs

230 V \sim protection: Type 3 (T3) SPDs

Cat.Nos	0 775 40	6 946 64/66/70	6 946 14/48/51/56/71
Protection mode	LN/NPE	LN/LPE/NPE	LN
Up	1/1.2 kV	1 kV	1 kV
Imax	6 kA	-	-
In	1.5 kA	2 kA	2 kA
Uoc	3 kV	4 kV	4 kV

TT earthing system: Installation downstream of a residual current device (HPI type recommended).

RJ 45/RJ 11 protection

Cat. No.	6 946 64	6 946 70						
Uc	200 V							
Up	60	600 V						
Imax	1.5	kA						
In	1 kA							
Uoc	3	κV						

TV protection (9.5 mm coax.)

Cat. No.	6 946 66 50 V				
Uc					
Up	900 V				
Imax	5 kA				
In	1 kA				
Uoc	3 kV				

Equipment

Installation

Associated overcurrent protection

SPDs must be protected by a circuit breaker (or fuses), to provide protection in the event of an overload, which may make the SPD reach its end of life (see selection table p. 10-11). This protective device will be defined to be coordinated or discriminating with regard to upstream protective devices

Connection principles



Connection lengths: as short as possible (< 50 cm if possible). EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) rules: avoid loops, fix the cables firmly against the exposed metal conductive parts of the enlcosure.

SPD types and earthing systems

When possible (according to local rules), the SPD and its associated overcurrent protection (P2) should be installed upstream of the main protection (P1) as shown below (according to standards HD/IEC 60364).

SPDs and TT earthing system



P1: main protection of the installation

SPD: surge protective device with Uc 275 or 320 V recommended

(1) (upstream of P1): 1P+N/3P+N SPDs only (except for Cat.Nos 0 039 51/53/71/73).

1P/2P/3P/4P SPDs and Cat.Nos 0 039 51/53/71/73 must always be installed downstream of a residual current device (discriminating or delayed, at the supply end of the installation).

(downstream of P2): any SPD.

SPDs and TN (TNC, TNS and TNC-S) earthing systems



P1: main protection of the installation SPD: surge protective device with Uc 275 or 320 V recommended

HV/LV transformer



Main distribution board

P1: main protection of the installation

SPDs and IT earthing system

Network

protection

Metering

SPD: surge protective device with Uc 440 V (Uc < 440 V prohibited)

Coordinating upstream/downstream SPDs

Consists of ensuring that any downstream SPD (in distribution enclosures or proximity SPDs) is correctly coordinated in energy terms with any SPD located upstream (TS 61643-12).

Minimum distances between SPDs

Upstream SPD	Downstream SPD	Min. distance (m)
T1/50 and T1/25	T2/40	10
T1/12.5 and T1/8	T2/40	6
1 1/12.5 anu 1 1/0	T2/20, T2/12	8
T2/40	T2/20	4
12/40	T2/12	6
T2/20 and T2/12	Proximity SPD	2

If it is not possible to comply with these distances, insert decoupling inductors on each phase and neutral conductor.



L¹legrand

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